

American foreign policy consists of the official positions and actions that the national government takes in its relationships with other countries.

The President has primary responsibility for making foreign policy.

The President can negotiate, persuade, apply economic pressure, and threaten military intervention.

He may use conventional diplomacy, foreign aid, economic sanctions, and military intervention (he is Commander in Chief of the armed forces) to protect American interests and promote national security.



The student will demonstrate knowledge of the role of the United States in a changing world by:
a) describing the responsibilities of the national government for foreign policy and national security.