

The Constitution of Virginia provides for Legislative, executive, and judicial branches

Branches of Virginia government



The executive branch consists of three statewide elected officials:

The **governor**, who is the chief executive officer of the state, is responsible for preparing the biennial state budget, overseeing the execution of state laws and policies, and proposing legislation to the legislature. Governors serve for a four-year term and may not serve two consecutive terms.

The **lieutenant governor's** main duty is to preside over the state Senate when it is in session.

The **attorney general** is the state's highest legal officer, who oversees all law enforcement activity.

The student will demonstrate knowledge of the organization and powers of the state and local governments described in the Constitution by

a) examining the legislative, executive and judicial branches.