

The Constitution of the United States of America establishes the principle of federalism, which is the division of power between the states and the national government.

The Constitution of the United States of America establishes a federal form of government in which the national government is supreme.

The powers not given to the national government by the Constitution of the United States of America are reserved for the states.



The powers of the local governments of Virginia are derived from the state.



The powers of the national government are either enumerated, expressed or implied in the Constitution of the United States of America.



**Primary responsibilities of each level of government**

National conducts foreign policy and regulates commerce.

State promotes public health, safety, and welfare.

The student will demonstrate knowledge of the American constitutional government by  
a) explaining the relationship of state governments to the national government in the federal system.